

Special Populations-Focused UDS Webinar Series – Residents of Public Housing

Presented by:
Mary Ellen McIntyre
Technical Services & Special Populations Director
January 2018



Massachusetts League
of Community Health Centers

Special Populations-Focused UDS Webinar Series


- **Welcome! We will be starting promptly at 12pm**
- **Short session evaluation is embedded at the end**
- **Welcome to New England colleagues as well!**
- **Use 'Chat' for Q&A and we will address in last few minutes**
- **Conference Number: 1-800-531-3250; Code: 9337941**
- **Session (and the other 2) will be recorded**

The League is partnering with National Cooperative Agreement organizations to provide you with three separate 30-minute webinars as supplements to today's all-day UDS training. Please plan to attend one, two, or all three of these no-cost webinars!

Wednesday, January 10, 2018 from 12-12:30pm

- Focus: Homeless Population
- Featuring speakers from the National Health Care for the Homeless Council

Thursday, January 11, 2018 from 12-12:30pm



- Focus: Residents of Public Housing
- Featuring speaker from the National Center for Health in Public Housing

Friday, January 12, 2018 from 12-12:30pm

- Focus: Agricultural Workers and their Families
- Featuring speaker from the National Center for Farmworker Health

Learning Objectives

- Understand the current HHS definition of the 3 statutorily recognized special populations - homelessness, residents of public housing, agricultural workers and their families
- Learn the importance of accurately documenting and reporting special populations as a social determinant of health
- Identify and foster best practices for documenting special populations to improve health care access and delivery

Expert Speakers

Today... National Center for Health in Public Housing



Saqi Maleque Cho, DrPH,
Manager of Policy,
Research, and Health
Promotion

Expert Speakers


<p>Tomorrow... National Center for Farmworker Health</p>	<p>Wednesday... National Health Care for the Homeless Council</p>		
			
<p>Bobbi Ryder, President & CEO</p>	<p>Alaina Boyer, PhD, Director of Research</p>	<p>Lauryn Berner, Project Manager</p>	<p>Brett Poe, Research Associate</p>

Special Populations in the Uniform Data System (UDS)

Public Housing

January 11, 2018

Saqi Maleque Cho, DRPH, MSPH
Manager of Policy, Research, and Health Promotion
National Center for Health in Public Housing



National Center for Health in Public Housing

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Outline

- Health Status of Public Housing Residents
- Definition of Public Housing in UDS
- List the benefits of accurate reporting
- Describe best practices for using UDS data to improve health care access and delivery to public housing residents
- Challenges of using UDS and alternative data sources



National Center for Health in Public Housing



Increased Access + Quality of Care → Improved Health Outcomes

Capacity Building For Health Centers Serving Residents of Public Housing

Training & Technical Assistance

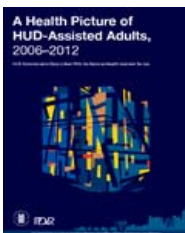
Research

Outreach and Collaboration

The National Center for Health in Public Housing (NCHPH), a project of North American Management, is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under grant number U30CS09734, a National Training and Technical Assistance Cooperative Agreement (NCA) for \$608,000, and is 100% financed by this grant. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.



A Health Picture of HUD-Assisted Adults, 2006-2012



Adults in HUD-assisted housing have higher rates of chronic health conditions and are greater utilizers of health care than the general population.

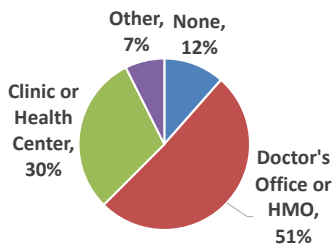
- 35.8% are in fair or poor health vs. 13.8% of other adults
- 71% are overweight or obese vs. 64% of other adults
- 61% have a disability vs. 35.4% of other adults
- 17.6% have diabetes vs. 9.5% of other adults
- 33.5% are current smokers vs. 22% of other adults
- 13.6% have COPD vs. 6.3% of other adults
- 16.3% have asthma vs. 8.7% of other adults



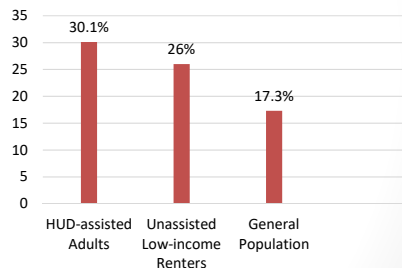
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Source of Care

Usual Source of Care for HUD-assisted Adults, 2006-2012



Percentage of Adults who Reported Usual Source of Care as Clinic or Health Center, 2006-2012



Source: A Health Picture of HUD-Assisted Adults, 2006-2012



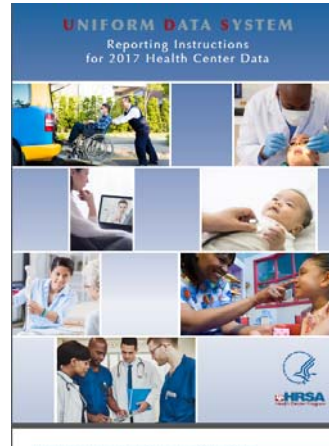
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Definition of Public Housing in UDS

Total Patients Served at a Health Center Site Located In or Immediately Accessible to a Public Housing Site, Line 26

All health centers are to report all patients seen at a site that is located in or immediately accessible to public housing, regardless of whether or not the patients are residents of public housing or the health center receives funding under section 330(i) - Public Housing Primary Care (PHPC).

- This is the only field in the UDS Report that requires you to provide a count of all patients based on the health centers proximity to public housing. This means that you are to report all patients seen at the health center site if it is located in or is immediately accessible to agency-developed, owned, or assisted low-income housing, including mixed finance projects.



Health Centers near Public Housing

- 1,400 Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC)=26 million
- 341 FQHCs In or Accessible to Public Housing= 2.7 million patients
- 105 Public Housing Primary Care (PHPC) = 609,751 patients



www.nchph.org

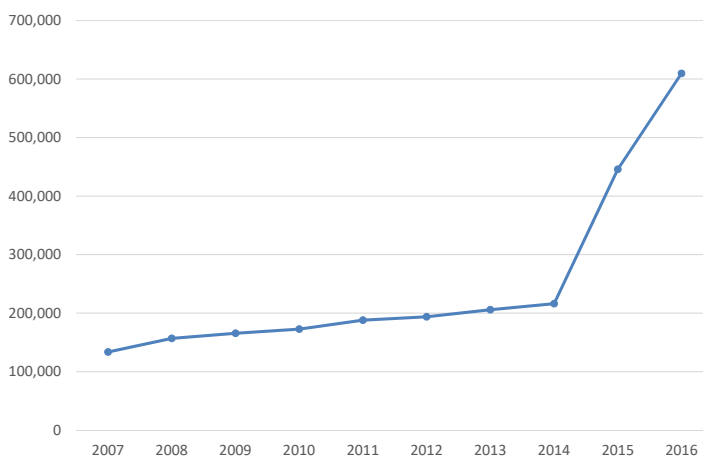


Health Centers near Public Housing- Massachusetts

- 39 Health Centers
- 24 Health Centers in or immediately accessible to public housing
- 6 PHPCs



Public Housing Primary Care Patients, 2007-2016



Pros

- Raises awareness of the social determinants of health
- Creates a unified system of documentation

Cons

- Difficult to make conclusions about the specific needs and utilization of public housing residents



Public Housing Primary Care Demographics, 2016

Patients in 105 PHPCs: 609,751

77.8% patients at or below 100% of Federal Poverty Level

Age:

- 29.3% are children (<18)
- 63.5% are adults (18-64)
- 7.2% are older adults (>65)

Race/ethnicity:

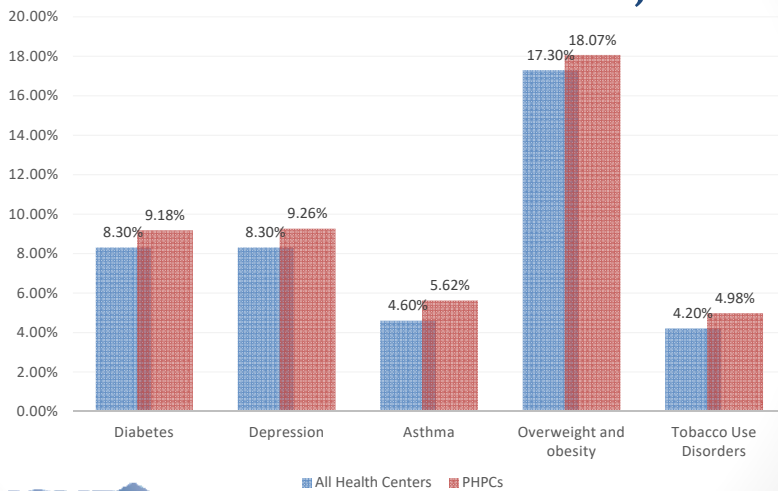
- 40% Hispanic
- 33% African American
- 41% White
- 5% Asian/Pacific Islander
- <1% American Indian/Alaskan Native

Insurance:

- 21.9% are uninsured
- 57.4% receive Medicaid/ 8% receive Medicare
- 3.6% Dual Eligible (Medicaid and Medicare)
- 11.9% Private Insurance

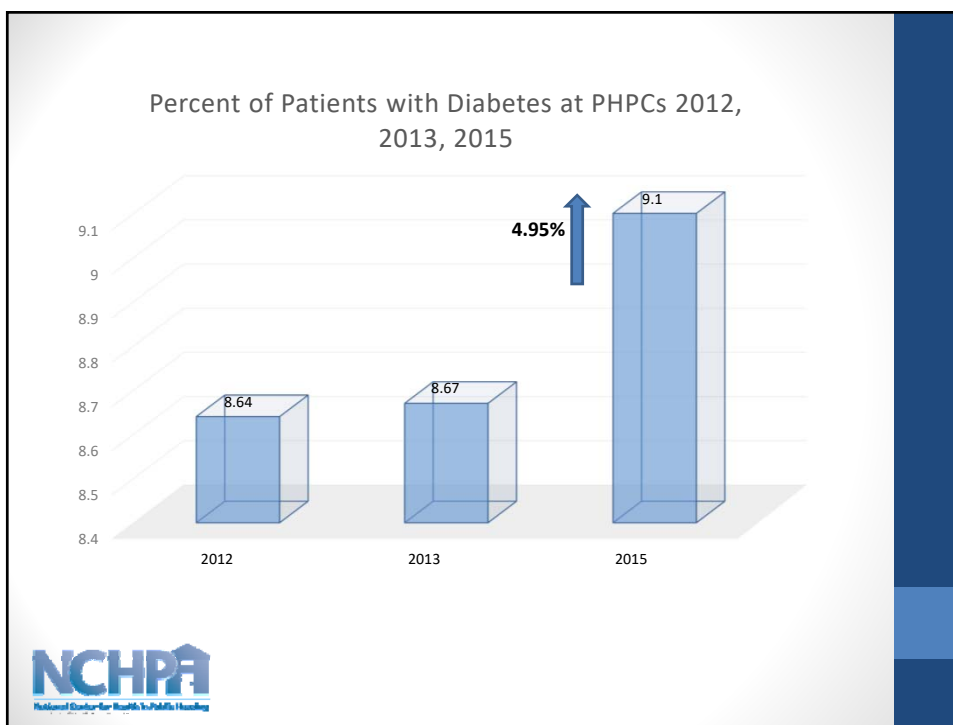
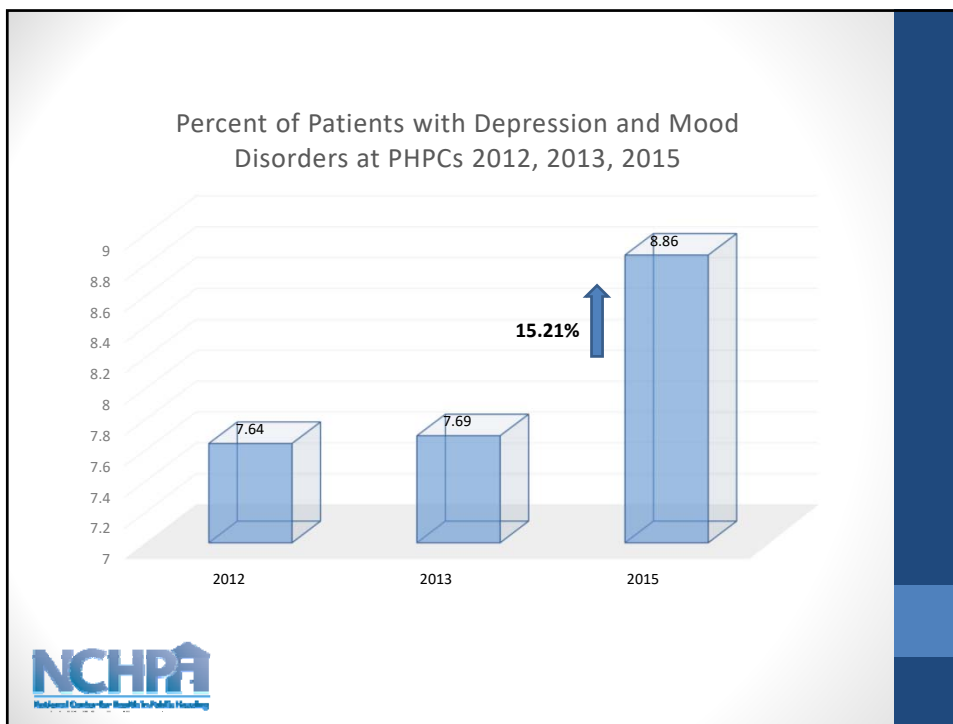


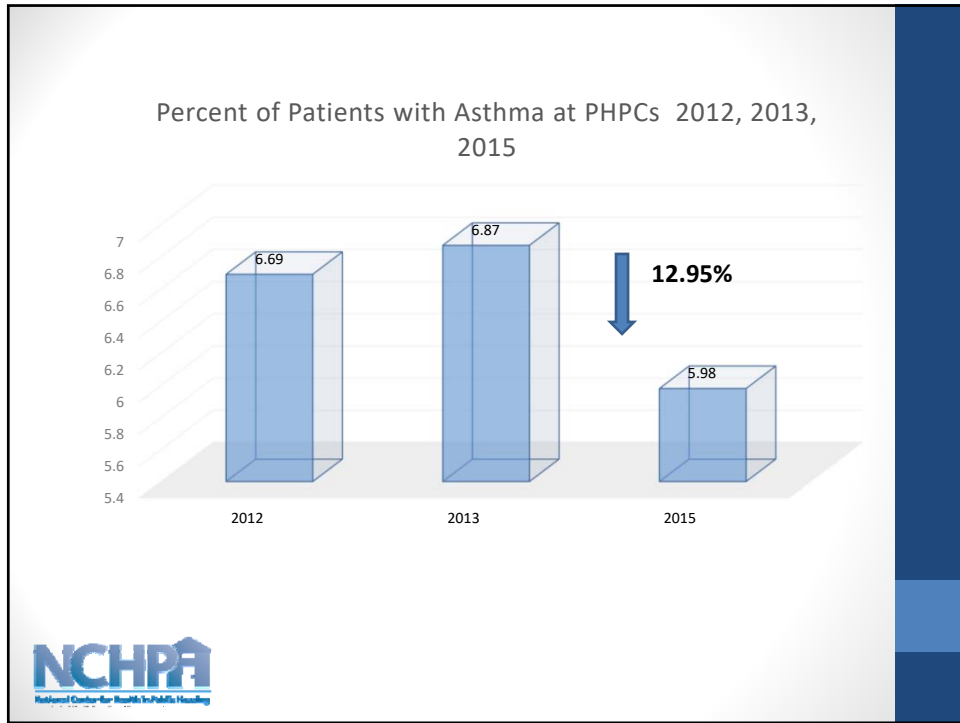
Prevalence of Diseases, All Health Centers vs. PHPCs, 2016



HOW HAS THE CHANGE IN COUNT CHANGED REPORTING AT PHPCS?







WHERE DOES PUBLIC HOUSING
PATIENT DATA GET REPORTED IN UDS?

UDS Tables –PHPC site specific

- Table 3A-Patients by Age and Gender
- Table 3B- Patients by Hispanic or Latino Ethnicity/Race/Language
- Table 4- Selected Patient Characteristics
- Table 5- Staffing and Utilization
- Table 5A- Tenure for Health Center Staff
- Table 6A- Selected Diagnoses and Services Rendered
- Table 6B- Quality of Care Measures
- Table 7- Health Outcomes and Disparities
- Table 8A- Financial Costs
- Table 9D- Patient Related Revenue
- Table 9E- Other Revenues
- Electronic Health Record Capabilities and Quality Recognition



HOW DO HEALTH CENTERS USE THIS INFORMATION?



Case Examples

TCA Health, Inc.-
Chicago, IL



- Lease agreements

Public Health
Management
Corporation (PHMC)-
Philadelphia, PA



- Senior Transitions



(25)

Case Examples

Community Healthcare
Center- Wichita Falls, TX



- Commitment to Smoke Free
- Incentives

La Maestra Health
Center- San Diego, CA



- Exercise and Nutrition Class for prediabetic patients



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WHEN TO USE A DIFFERENT DATA SOURCE?

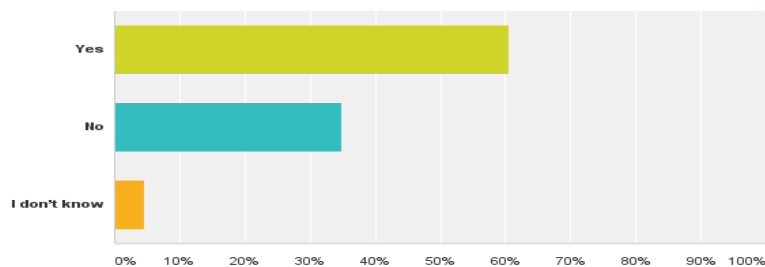


UDS Tables

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- Electronic Health Record Capabilities and Quality Recognition



Are you still able to tell which patients visiting your center are actually living in public housing? For example, do your patients self-report as public housing residents?



Source: 2016 Needs Assessment, NCHPH



Summary

- Is your health center located in or immediately accessible to public housing?
 - View our map to find out if you are located near a public housing site.
- Make sure you are reporting total patients seen in the health center under Table 4 Line 26 for public housing.
- Use the UDS data to inform programming to address the social determinants of health
- Collaborate with Public Housing Authority
- Identify other sources to evaluate clinical quality measures



Resources

- [Best Practices](#)
- [Factsheets](#)
- [Webinars and Training](#)
- [Maps of Health Centers and PHAs](#)



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Questions?

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